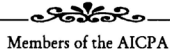


Hunter, Hunter & Hunt, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS



1315 Fourth Street
Eureka, California 95501

Phone 707-476-0674
Fax 707-476-0675
www.hhh-cpa.com

December 9, 2021

Dear Client:

This letter outlines changes for the coming new year regarding bookkeeping and payroll. Please review the following updates and reminders for 2022.

New Items for 2022:

- ❖ Updates to California Minimum Wage ([click here](#) to jump to this section).
- ❖ California law requires all employers who do not currently sponsor a retirement program and who have 5 or more employees to register for CalSavers by June 30, 2022 ([click here](#) to jump to this section).
- ❖ California Harassment Training must be completed every two years from the date of last completion ([click here](#) to jump to this section).

*** Action Items for 2022 ***

- Update all rates and taxable limits in your accounting software BEFORE preparing the first payroll of 2022.
- California Minimum Wage effective January 1, 2022:
 - \$14.00 per hour for Employers with 25 employees or less
 - \$15.00 per hour for Employers with 26 employees or more
 - Note: Update Labor Law posters to reflect these changes

Although there are some exceptions, employees in California must be paid the minimum wage as required by state law. Please visit the [Department of Industrial Relations website](#) for a complete listing of exceptions.

If you prepare your own payroll, below is a list of the tax rates that are effective January 1, 2022:

	EMPLOYEE TAX RATE	EMPLOYER TAX RATE	TAXABLE LIMIT
FICA	6.20%	6.20%	\$147,000
MEDICARE	<u>1.45%</u>	<u>1.45%</u>	No Limit
Combined FICA and MEDI	<u>7.65%</u>	<u>7.65%</u>	

**Additional Medicare withholding of 0.90% is required when an employee's calendar year wages exceed \$200,000.

FUTA	N/A	0.90%	\$7,000
SDI (includes Paid Family Leave)	1.10%	N/A	\$145,600

Payroll Taxes:

Each year the IRS notifies employers of which deposit schedule to use for depositing federal income tax withheld for the coming year. Most small businesses will use the monthly deposit schedule. Please see

IRS Publication 15 (Circular E) for complete information on monthly and semi-weekly deposit requirements.

You must make your deposits (such as employment tax, excise tax, and corporate income tax) electronically in 2022. IRS regulations began requiring electronic deposits on January 1, 2011. If you are not already enrolled for the Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS), please visit the EFTPS website for enrollment information. An exception to the EFTPS payment rule is a taxpayer on a monthly deposit schedule with a total tax liability of less than \$2,500 for the quarter.

The taxpayer may choose to pay their taxes by check along with the quarterly filing of their Form 941 payroll tax return. Please see IRS Publication 15 (Circular E) Depositing Taxes for complete information.

Bonuses (including Christmas bonuses) are subject to employment taxes. If you have questions or would like assistance with calculating the tax, please contact our office.

State Unemployment Insurance Rate:

Each year the Employment Development Department notifies employers of their new State Unemployment Insurance (SUI) rate. **Please provide a copy of this notice to our office to include in your payroll records.** Before preparing your first payroll of 2022, be sure to update the rate in your accounting software or on any Excel spreadsheet you use to calculate your payroll. This will ensure that your payroll taxes are correctly calculated. The EDD requires all employers to electronically submit employment tax returns, wage reports, and payroll tax deposits.

Employment Forms:

At the beginning of 2022, have your employees complete a new Federal Form W-4. The employee should complete California Form DE-4 only if the employee wants state withholding calculated differently than the information provided on Federal W-4.

When hiring new employees, be sure to have them fill out forms W-4, I-9, and provide the new employee with Form LC 2810.5 (Division of Labor Standards Enforcement (DLSE) – Notice to Employees LC 2810.5) **at the time of hire. These forms are updated annually; please be sure to use the correct form.** The Form I-9 must be retained by the employer for three years after the date of hire; or one year after the termination of the employee, whichever is later. Instructions for filling out W-4s and I-9s are provided with the forms. Please read the instructions **carefully** to be sure the forms are filled out properly. **It is up to the employer to make sure that the information is accurate, and the forms are complete.**

*Division of Labor Standards Enforcement (DLSE) – Notice to Employees – Provide this completed form to all nonexempt employees. Be sure to provide a copy to the employee and retain the signed original for your records.

Don't forget to file the *Report of New Employee(s)*, Form DE-34, with the Employment Development Department (EDD). Federal law requires all employers to report all newly hired employees who work in California to the EDD within 20 days of their start-of-work date (first day of work). In addition, any employee who is rehired after a separation of at least 60 consecutive days must also be reported within the 20 days. Failure to report a new hire or a rehired employee within 20 days of their start-of-work date can result in a fine of \$24 per employee. If the failure to report is an intentional agreement between the employer and employee to not supply the required information or to supply a false or incomplete report, a penalty of \$490 may be charged.

Exempt Employees:

For those of you with exempt employees, there are strict guidelines on both the determination of the type of position that may be exempt as well as the overtime compensation required for exempt employees. If you have exempt employees, please contact our office or the appropriate agencies to review these guidelines and related restrictions to ensure you are in compliance with federal and state regulations. California has laws in place that make the minimum salary for exempt employees higher than the new federal thresholds. Additional information can be found [here](#).

California Harassment Training:

The California Harassment Training (SB-1343) required employers with five or more employees to provide the following by January 1, 2021:

- At least two hours of classroom or other effective interactive training and education regarding sexual harassment to all supervisory employees.
- At least one hour of classroom or other effective interactive training and education regarding sexual harassment to all nonsupervisory employees.
- “Refresher training” every two years thereafter.
- The applicable training must be provided within six months of hire for new employees or within six months of entering a supervisory position.
- NOTE: The training timeline for Seasonal and Temporary (less than 6 months) employees has not changed. Beginning January 1, 2020, employers must provide training within 30 calendar days of hire or within their first 100 hours worked, whichever comes first.

Employers who have provided training will need to provide training again two years from the date of completion of the first training. The California Department of Fair Employment and Housing offers a free online training course that satisfies the requirements. The course is available [here](#). Additional information on this requirement can be found [here](#).

Information regarding Forms 1099:

Who must issue Forms 1099? Any service recipient who, in the course of his or her trade of business (including those activities deemed non-profit) will be making payments totaling \$600 or more to any person for services rendered (other than a corporation) in a calendar year must file an information return on Form 1099.

*Use Form **1099-NEC** to report payments of at least \$600 for:*

- Services (including parts and materials) to payees who are not employees
- Fish purchased from anyone engaged in the trade or business of catching fish
- Attorney’s fees for legal services

*Use Form **1099-MISC** to report payments of at least \$600 in:*

- | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| • Rents | • Prizes and awards | • Other income payments |
| • Fishing boat proceeds | • Section 409A deferrals | • Crop insurance proceeds |
| • Payments to an attorney | • Medical and health care payments | • Nonqualified deferred compensation |

The above lists do not display all 1099 reportable payments; if you have questions, please contact our office. Do not report payments to employees such as Christmas bonuses, reimbursements for travel or

car expenses on Form 1099; report these on Form W-2. File Form DE-542 for independent contractors within 20 days of either making payments or entering into a contract totaling \$600 or more, whichever is earlier.

New CalSavers Retirement Savings Program Requirements:

California state law requires California employers to participate in the CalSavers Retirement Savings Program if they do not sponsor a retirement plan and have 5 or more employees. There are no employer fees and employers do not make contributions to employee accounts. The **deadline for employers with 5 or more employees to register with CalSavers is June 30, 2022**. The deadline for employers with 50 or more employees to register was June 30, 2021. For more information on the program, and to register visit the [CalSavers website](#).

Record Retention:

As an employer, you are required by the Internal Revenue Service and the Employment Development Department to keep all records relating to payroll for at least seven years. If you employ independent contractors or exempt employees, the state of California requires records to be maintained for at least eight years. The following is a suggested list of records to keep, which refers to payroll related records only; it is not intended to be a complete list of all business records that you should retain:

- Names, addresses, social security numbers, dates of employment, and occupations of employees
- Records of reported and allocated tips
- Any records of sick and/or vacation pay
- Amounts and dates of all wage, annuity, and pension payments
- Timecards and timesheets
- Copies of income tax withholding allowance certificates (Forms W-4, W-4P, W-4(SP), W-4S, and W-4V)
- Copies of Forms W-2 and W-2c (including employee copies that were returned to you as undeliverable)
- Payroll tax deposit records including confirmation numbers for electronically filed deposits
- Copies of payroll tax returns filed (Forms 941, DE9, DE9C, etc.)
- Any records of fringe benefits and expense reimbursements
- I-9 Forms

Employee Earned Income Credit Notification:

Effective January 1, 2008, employers are required to notify employees with Forms W-2 that they may be eligible for the Earned Income Credit. For more information, please read Notice 1015 enclosed with this letter or refer to IRS Publication 15 (Circular E), page 25, item 10.

Note – Additional copies of W-2s must be requested in writing and signed by the employee.

Business Property Annual Reporting (Form 571-L):

Business Property Tax Statements will be e-filed in April. Please review your latest depreciation schedule and note any additions, disposals or corrections and provide us with a list of any equipment purchases/sales through December 1, 2021, by date purchased/disposed, description and amount. If you need a copy of your latest depreciation schedule, we are happy to provide one to you upon request. Please notify us of any changes and send us the business property tax return form (571-L) received from the County by April 1, 2022. The form provides us with the Business Identification Number (BIN)

needed to e-file your business property tax returns. (NOTE: if we do not receive your 2020 Form 571-L by April 30, 2022, we will request a copy from the County. The fee the County charges us for your form will be passed on to you.)

Affordable Care Act Reminders:

Under certain conditions, Qualified Small Employers may reimburse employees for health care coverage purchased through the individual market. If you think you may meet the stipulations for a Qualified Small Employer or would like more information, please contact our office.

Applicable Large Employers (ALE) (defined as employers with 50 or more full-time employees, including full-time equivalents) are required to report health coverage offered or not offered to employees. Reporting is completed on Forms 1094-C and 1095-C. If you need assistance with determining whether you are an ALE, please contact our office.

California Labor Law Notices:

California Labor Law requires all employers to post certain notices to employees. Fines may be levied for non-compliance. Please visit the [Department of Industrial relations website](#) for a list of required posters.

Please be sure to read all notices you receive from regulatory agencies, as there may be regulatory changes that affect your business.

If you have any questions about the information contained in this letter, please contact our office at (707) 476-0674, and one of our team members will be happy to assist you.

Sincerely,

Hunter, Hunter & Hunt, LLP